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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/519,851	12/29/2004	Masanori Itoh	MTS-3472US	9473
23122 RATNERPRES	7590 01/24/2008		EXAMINER	
P O BOX 980 .			NGUYEN, LINH THI	
VALLEY FORGE, PA 19482-0980			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2627	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			01/24/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/519,851	ITOH, MASANORI				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Linh T. Nguyen	2627				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 07 No	ovember 2007.					
2a) This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ⊠ This	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.					
	3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-23 and 25-27 is/are pending in the a 4a) Of the above claim(s) 18 and 19 is/are with 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-10, 12-16, 20-23, and 25-27 is/are r 7) ☐ Claim(s) 11 and 17 is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	drawn from consideration.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) access applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct and the contract of the contract	epted or b) objected to by the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Sertion is required if the drawing(s) is object.	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Applicati rity documents have been receive u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National Stage				
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D	ate				
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)  Paper No(s)/Mail Date  5) Notice of Informal Patent Application 6) Other:						

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-10, 12-16, 20-23 and 25-27 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Okita et al (JP Patent Application Publication 2001169250) in view of Okazaki et al (US Patent Number 5644506).

Okita et al discloses a reproducing apparatus (Fig. 1) comprising: a reproducing unit (Fig. 1, element 200) that extracts (Fig. 1, element 29) recorded video signals from a recording medium (Fig. 1, elements 17 and 20) and record management information (Fig. 1, element 13); a decoding unit (Fig. 1, element 19) that decodes any of said video signals extracted from said recording medium (Fig. 1, element 17); and recording unit that records (Fig. 1, element 13), in correspondence to said record management information, reproduction management information including reproduction interruption information that denotes a point of interruption in time of a reproduction of said video signals from said recording medium (Paragraph 94; where the point of interruption in time is chapter number), wherein the decoding unit decodes said signals according to a selected bit rate from said point of interruption in time (Paragraphs 39-42, 94 and 95; where the signal reproduction resumes from the start of the chapter and where the claimed selected bit rate is the same one that was selected to be reproduced prior to

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the interruption). However, Okita et al does not disclose where the recorded video signals have the same contents but are compressed in a plurality of different bit rates, as well as corresponding record management information.

In the same field of endeavor, Kazaki et al discloses a recording medium having a recorded video signals have the same contents but are compressed in a plurality of different bit rates and record management information that denotes a mutual association between said video signals that have the same contents but are compressed in a plurality of different bit rates (Figs. 13 and 18; shows a decoder 85/95 extract into variable bit rate into a buffer 84/94). At the time of the invention it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to modify the data of the recording medium of Okita with that of Okazaki et al, for the purpose of providing the video signals contents are compressed in different bit rates. The motivation for doing so would have been to increase the pictures quality (abstract).

#### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-10, 12-16, 20-23 and 25-27 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Okita et al (JP Patent Application Publication 2001169250) in view of Zetts et al (US Publication Number 20020048450).

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Okita et al discloses a reproducing apparatus (Fig. 1) comprising: a reproducing unit (Fig. 1, element 200) that extracts (Fig. 1, element 29) recorded video signals from a recording medium (Fig. 1, elements 17 and 20) and record management information (Fig. 1, element 13); a decoding unit (Fig. 1, element 19) that decodes any of said video signals extracted from said recording medium (Fig. 1, element 17); and recording unit that records (Fig. 1, element 13), in correspondence to said record management information, reproduction management information including reproduction interruption information that denotes a point of interruption in time of a reproduction of said video signals from said recording medium (Paragraph 94; where the point of interruption in time is chapter number), wherein the decoding unit decodes said signals according to a selected bit rate from said point of interruption in time (Paragraphs 39-42, 94 and 95; where the signal reproduction resumes from the start of the chapter and where the claimed selected bit rate is the same one that was selected to be reproduced prior to the interruption). However, Okita et al does not disclose where the recorded video signals have the same contents but are compressed in a plurality of different bit rates, as well as corresponding record management information.

In the same field of endeavor, Zetts discloses a recording medium having a recorded video signals have the same contents but are compressed in a plurality of different bit rates and record management information that denotes a mutual association between said video signals that have the same contents but are compressed in a plurality of different bit rates (Figs. 2 and 6 shows the compression of different MPEG and extraction of different rate and length). At the time of the invention

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it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to modify the data of the recording medium of Okita with that of Zetts, for the purpose of providing the video signals contents are compressed in different bit rates. The motivation for doing so would have been to decode the signals with any MPEG engine.

## Allowable Subject Matter

The indicated allowability of claim 27 is withdrawn in view of the newly discovered reference(s) to Okazaki et al. Rejections based on the newly cited reference(s) follow.

Claims 11 and 17 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

### Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments, see page 11, filed 11/07/07, with respect to the rejection(s) of claim(s) 1 under Kitamura have been fully considered and are persuasive. Therefore, the rejection has been withdrawn. However, upon further consideration, a new ground(s) of rejection is made in view of Okazaki et al.

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#### Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Linh T. Nguyen whose telephone number is 571-272-5513. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:30am-5:00pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Wayne Young can be reached on 571-272-4483. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

LN January 19, 2008 WAYNE YOUNG ERVISOR PATENT EXAMINER